Bonar man's 1892 land letter to lawyer

IN the late 1800s and early 1900s, land was increasingly becoming a bone of contention in Sutherland and across the Highlands.

Landowners were restricting crofters' access to common grazings land, which crofters used for grazing their stock and as a source of building materials and fuel.

This was one of the factors that ultimately led to the formation in 1909 of the Highland Land League, which campaigned for fairer rents and more secure tenures for crofters.

One Bonar Bridge resident mentioned his concerns over land issues in a letter dated May 4, 1892, to his Inverness solicitor.

Alex Mackay wrote: "One thing is clear, when these



From the ARCHIVES

crofters were deprived of this ground, they got no corresponding reduction of rent."

The letter is one of the many fascinating items of correspondence linked to the parish of Creich held

Jam also requested to ask the farber of your Services when the Commissioner sets as Commissioner sets as Bonar Benage. It is not Officially Known when

An extract from Alex Mackay's letter to his lawyer.

by the Highland Archive Centre. These also include school log books, poor relief records and early censuses.

Creich is the latest and penultimate stop in the virtual tour this column has been taking of the 13 parishes in Sutherland.

A substantial parish,
Creich lies on the north side
of the Dornoch Firth and
extends about 30 miles in
a south-easterly direction
from Benmore-Assynt to
within just three miles of
Dornoch.

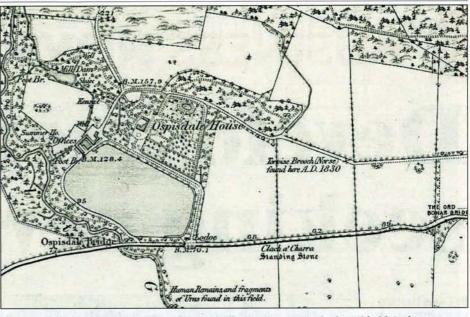
In contrast, its breadth ranges from some two to 10 miles.

The origin of the name Creich was not known in the First Statistical Account of the 1790s.

But it is thought that it may come from the Gaelic "croich" meaning boundary, as the parish serves most of the boundary between Sutherland and Ross and Cromarty.

However, it is also suggested that Creich might mean "the parish of woods or trees" from the Gaelic "craobhach" meaning wooded.

Interesting information regarding a standing stone in Creich is to be found



Ospisdale House and the location of the standing stone are marked on this historic map.

in an Ordnance Survey Name Book - created in conjunction with the First Edition Ordnance Survey maps in the 1870s.

The stone in question is about 10ft high and situated on the public road to Dornoch nearly opposite Ospisdale House.

The entry states that according to tradition a "Danish chief was shot here by the laird or proprietor of Ospisdale and interred here"

However the entry also states that it was thought by the Reverend Mr Joass, Golspie, to probably be a memorial of an early battle. He pointed out that a Norse tortoise brooch had been found at the site.

The parish of Creich lies on the north side of the Dornoch Firth and extends about 30 miles in a south-easterly direction from Benmore-Assynt to within just three miles of Dornoch.

HIGH Life Highland's archive service is responsible for collecting, preserving and making accessible historical records in relation to Inverness-shire, Nairnshire, Sutherland and Ross and Cromarty.

The collections are



stored at the Highland Archive Centre and date from the 14th century.

They include charters, minute books, correspondence, accounts, maps, photographs and films, and contain more than 100,000 items.

Members of the public are welcome to consult the archives during opening hours and staff are on hand to give assistance. Remote enquiries are also welcome. Email: archives@ highlifehighland.com